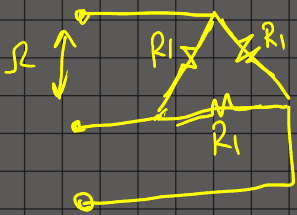
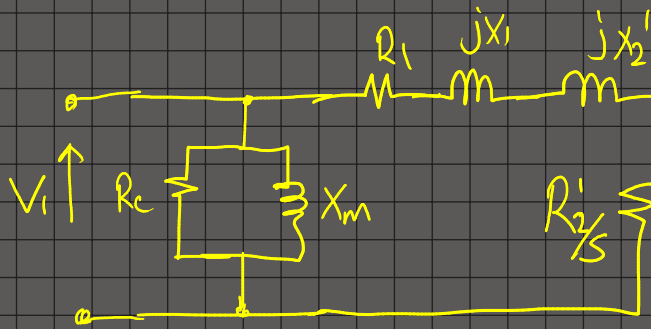


Estimate the parameters of a 30 kW, 50 Hz, Delta-connected, 415 V, 3-phase machine, if the test results are as follows:

Locked-Rotor Test:

- Input Power: 6.4 kW
- Line Current: 77 A
- Line Voltage: 130 V
- Resistance between two lines: 0.293 Ω

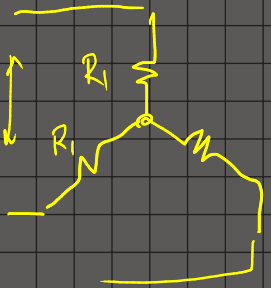


resistance between two lines $\Rightarrow R_1 \parallel (R_1 + R_1) = \frac{2R_1}{3} = 0,293 \Omega$

$R_1 = 0,44 \Omega$ (DC resistance)

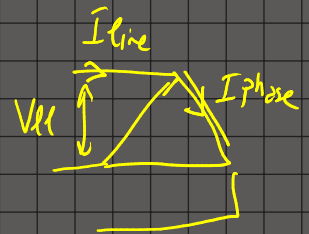
$R_{1(ac)} = 1.1 \cdot R_{dc}$

$R_{1(ac)} = 0,48 \Omega$



resistance between two lines $\Rightarrow 2R_1$

Equivalent circuit in the locked rotor test



$Z_{eq} = \frac{130}{77/\sqrt{3}}$

$Z_{eq} = 2,92 \Omega$

$$P_{ph} = \frac{6.4 \text{ kW}}{3} = I_{ph}^2 \cdot (R_1 + R_2')$$

$$= \left(\frac{77}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^2 \cdot (R_1 + R_2')$$

$R_{eq} = R_1 + R_2' = 1,08 \Omega$ (per phase)

$R_1 = 0,48 \Omega$
 $R_2' = 0,6 \Omega$

$Z_{eq} = \sqrt{R_{eq}^2 + (X_1 + X_2')^2} \Rightarrow X_{eq} = X_1 + X_2' = \sqrt{2,92^2 - 1,08^2}$

Assume $X_1 = X_2' = \boxed{1,36 \Omega / \text{ph}}$ $= 2,71 \Omega$

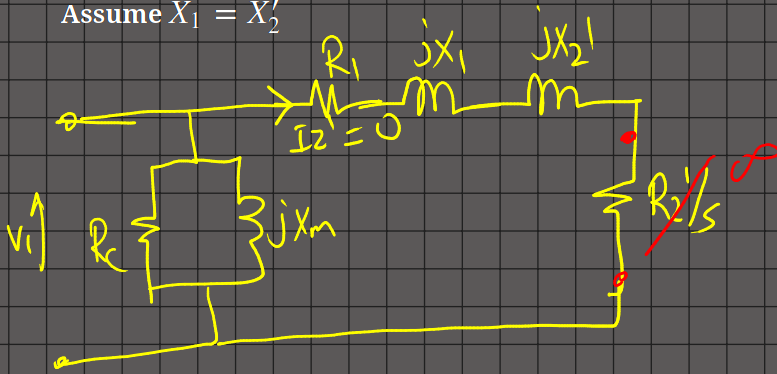
Estimate the parameters of a 30 kW, 50 Hz, Delta-connected, 415 V, 3-phase machine, if the test results are as follows:

No-Load Test:

- Input Power: 1.65 kW
- Line Current: 22.8 A
- Line Voltage: 415 V
- Friction and windage losses: 1.15 kW

Assume $X_1 = X'_2$

At no load $s \approx 0$



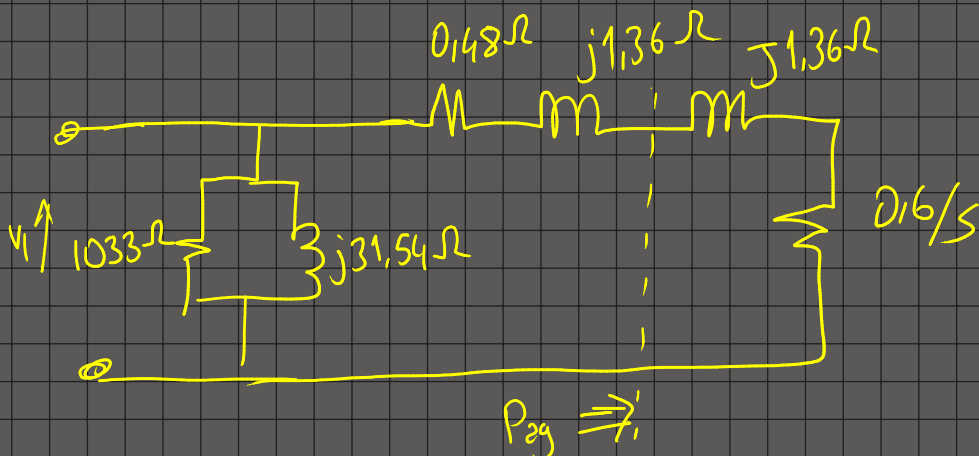
$$Z_{nl} = \frac{V_{ph}}{I_{ph}} = \frac{415}{(22.8/\sqrt{3})} = 31.53 \Omega/\text{ph.}$$

$$P_{no\ load} = 1.65 \text{ kW} \quad P_{friction} = 1.15 \text{ kW} \Rightarrow P_{core} = 1.65 - 1.15 = \underline{\underline{500 \text{ W}}}$$

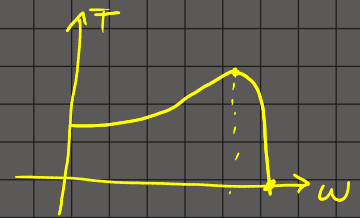
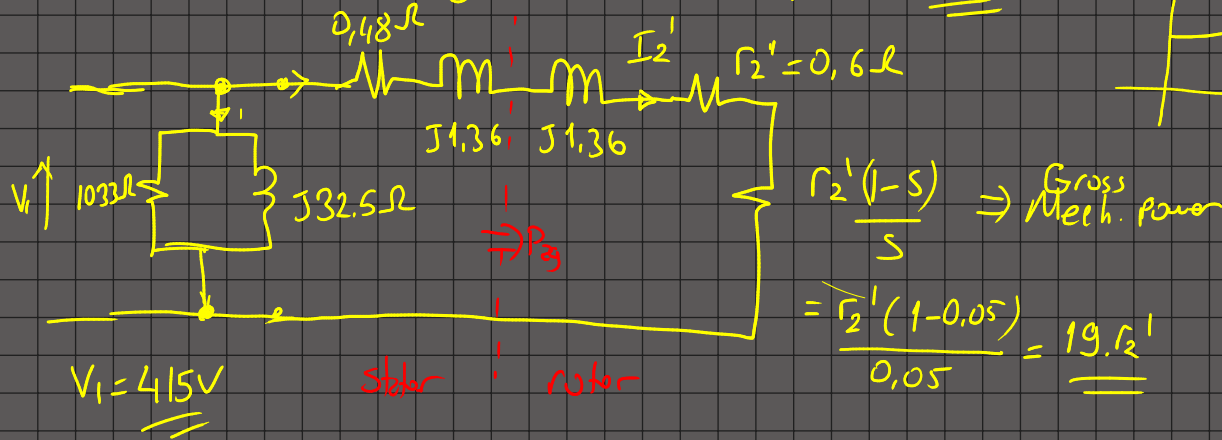
$$P_{core} = \frac{3 \cdot V_{ph}^2}{R_c} = 500 \Rightarrow R_c = \underline{\underline{1033 \Omega}}$$

$$Z_{nl} = (R_c // X_m) = 31.53 \Omega \quad \left(\frac{1}{X_m}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{R_c}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{1}{Z_{nl}}\right)^2$$

$$X_m = \underline{\underline{31.54 \Omega}}$$



find the efficiency when the slip is $= 0,05$



$$|Z_{eq}| = \sqrt{(1,36+1,36)^2 + (0,48+0,6)^2} = 12,77\Omega$$

$$I_2' = \frac{415V}{12,77} = 32,5A$$

$$P_{core} = \frac{3V_1^2}{R_c} = \frac{3 \cdot 415^2}{1033} \approx 500W$$

$$P_{cu1} = 3I_2'^2 \cdot r_1 = 3 \cdot (32,5)^2 \cdot 0,48 = 1521W$$

$$P_{cu2} = 3I_2'^2 \cdot r_2' = 3 \cdot (32,5)^2 \cdot 0,6 = 1901W$$

$$P_{mech(gross)} = 3I_2'^2 \cdot r_2' \frac{(1-s)}{s} = 3 \cdot (32,5)^2 \cdot 0,6 \cdot \frac{(1-0,05)}{0,05} = 36,123W$$

$$P_{rotational loss} = 1,15 kW = 1150W$$

$$P_{net} = P_{mech(gross)} - P_{rot.loss} = 36123 - 1150 = 34,973W$$

$$\eta = \frac{P_{net}}{P_{in}} = \frac{34,973}{34,973 + 1150 + 1901 + 1521 + 500}$$

$$\eta = \frac{34,973W}{40,045W} = 87,3\%$$