

$3^{rd}$  Homework  
Due October 23, 2009

1. Consider an initially charged conducting sphere of radius  $R$  that has a total charge  $Q$  on it. Suppose that another test charge of  $q$  is put at a distance  $d > R$ .
  - (a) What will be the new electrostatic potential at an arbitrary point?
  - (b) What will be the new electric field at an arbitrary point?
  - (c) What will be the surface charge density?
  - (d) What is the force acting on  $q$ ?
  - (e) What is the electrostatic energy stored in the system?

(*Hint:* You can use the superposition principle. The surface charge will be a superposition of the previous (uniform) charge distribution, plus the induced charge distribution)
2. Consider two intersecting non-conducting spheres. Assume that the intersection volume is carved out, so it is empty. If the two spheres have a uniform charge density  $\sigma$  distributed over their volume, what will be the electric field inside the cavity at their intersection?
3. Consider a unit point charge placed inside a cube of side length  $L$  with conducting walls. Choose a coordinate axis such that one corner of the cube is at the origin and three sides are on the positive  $x$ ,  $y$  and  $z$  axis. Assume that the charge is located at the point with coordinate  $(x_0, y_0, z_0)$ . Calculate the electric field inside the cube. (*Hint:* The Dirac delta function in the cube can be expanded (anti)periodically in the cube in terms of sines/cosines)