AEE 361 – Fall 2009 Section: Name: Homework 5
Due: Wednesday December 23, 2009
COVER SHEET
HW is to be turned in with the cover sheet filled out and signed.
HW is due before class one week after it is handed out.
<ul> <li>Use the systematic solution technique presented in class.</li> </ul>
I have completed this assignment on my own. I did not <i>copy</i> the solutions from anyone or any
other source.
☐ I collaborated on this assignment with:
a reordeorated on this assignment with.
<u></u>
<del></del>
$\hfill\Box$ I looked at the solutions from other sources after I worked on the problem and made the
necessary corrections.
Signature:

No member of this class shall take unfair advantage of any other member in this class.

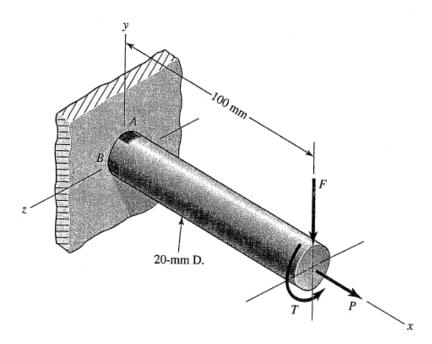
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## 1. (Problem 6-14, Shigley)

This problem illustrates that the factor of safety for a machine element depends on the particular point selected for analysis. Here you are to compute factors of safety, based upon the distortion-energy theory, for stress elements at A and B of the member shown in the figure. This bar is made of AISI 1006 cold-drawn steel and is loaded by the forces F = 0.55 kN, P = 8.0 kN, and T = 30 N·m.



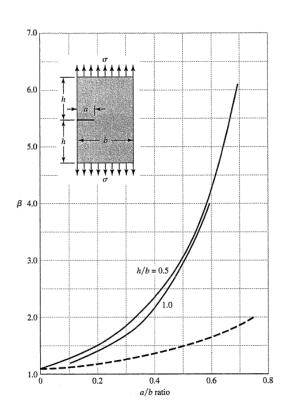
## 2. (Problem 6-39, Shigley)

A plate 4 in wide, 8 in long, and 0.5 in thick is loaded in tension in the direction of the length. The plate contains a crack as shown in Fig. 6–36 with the crack length of 0.625 in. The material is steel with  $K_{Ic} = 70 \text{ kpsi} \cdot \sqrt{\text{in}}$ , and  $S_y = 160 \text{ kpsi}$ . Determine the maximum possible load that can be applied before the plate (a) yields, and (b) has uncontrollable crack growth.

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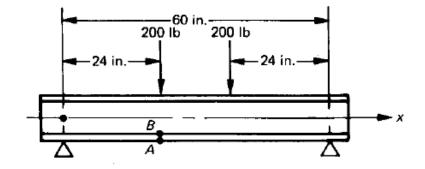
Figure 6-36

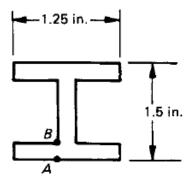
Plate loaded in longitudinal tension with a crack at the edge; for the solid curve there are no constraints to bending; the dashed curve was obtained with bending constraints added.



## 3. (extra)

(a) Find the bending and transverse shear stress at points A and B in the figure. (b) Find the maximum normal stress and maximum shear stress at both points. (c) For a yield point of 50,000 psi, find the factor of safety based on the maximum normal stress theory and the maximum shear stress theory.





Web and flange thickness = 0.125 in