

## 2.7 Conditioning

The conditional PMF of the random variable  $X$ , conditioned on the event  $A$  with  $P(A) > 0$  is defined by:

$$p_{X|A}(x|A) = P(X = x|A) = \frac{P(\{x = X\} \cap A)}{P(A)}$$

Show that  $p_{X|A}$  is a legitimate PMF. (Expand  $P(A)$  using the total probability theorem)

**Ex:** Let  $X$  be the outcome of one roll of a tetrahedral die, and  $A$  be the event that we did not get 1.

**Ex:** Ali will take the motorcycle test again and again until he passes; however, he is only allowed  $n$  chances to take the test. Suppose each time Ali takes the test, his probability of passing is  $p$ , irrespective of what happened in the previous attempts. What is the PMF of the number of attempts, given that he passes?