## Homework III : Systems of linear equations and Kirchoff's rules

## Guidelines for Homework III : Please read carefully!

1. Homework III is due Thursday, $08 / 11$ by $22: 00$.
2. Homework will be submitted via email to ustunel@metu.edu.tr.
3. VERY IMPORTANT! The subject line of your email MUST read Phys343 Homework - nothing more, nothing less.
4. VERY IMPORTANT! Homework turned in between $22: 00$ on $08 / 11$ and $8: 00$ on $09 / 10$ will only receive $50 \%$ of the full credit. Homework turned in later than that will NOT be accepted.
5. There's a single function that you need to write for this homework so I'm expecting a single file from you. Please send your function as an attachment.

Goal of the assignment : In this assignment, you will practice forming matrices with a periodic pattern like we have done in lab and solving a circuit with arbitrary number of loops using the matrix inversion technique that we have learnt in lab.

Exercise : You DO NOT need to turn in this part of the homework. It is for you to practice creating periodic arrays.
Suppose you would like to create a vector that has a repeating pattern, $a=\left[\begin{array}{lllllllllll}1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 2\end{array}\right]$. You can do the following

```
octave:1> n=4
n = 4
octave:2> b=[lllll
b =
    1}101110
    2
    3
octave:3> reshape(b,1,n*3)
ans =
    1
```

While the first operation (multiplication with ones) replicates the given pattern, the function reshape converts the $3 \times n$ matrix to a $1 \times 3 n$ vector. The function reshape must be used with care since it can generate matrices or vectors with the wrong periodicity and shape. You can read more about rearranging matrices at http://www.network-theory.co.uk/docs/octave/octave_126.html.

Question 1 : In this question, you will write a function called kirchoff_arbitrary.m that takes in as argument the value of the resistance $r$, the emf of the batteries eps and the number of loops $N$ in the following circuit and returns the array of currents.


This circuit is extendable and has an adjustable number of loops, given by N. Your function should thus have the following declaration.

```
function Is=kirchoff_arbitrary(ep,r,N)
    .
    .
    .
endfunction
```

You can follow these steps to help you along. This is just a guideline, you don't have to do it this way.

- Choose a repeating unit for the system. I suggest the following :

- Write two junction and one loop equation for the following.
- Place it in your matrix and shift it to obtain the periodically repeating part.
- Group the upper and lower nonzero diagonals and repeat the diag operations done in lab.
- Place by hand the nonperiodic part, i.e. the first loop and the last loop into your matrix.
- Multiply the inverse by the inhomogeneous part.

